CITY OF CLAY, ALABAMA GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of The City of Clay, Alabama

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of the City of Clay, Alabama (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related Notes to the Financial Statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the government activities, each major fund and the remaining fund information of the City of Clay, Alabama as of September 30, 2024 and the changes in its net position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Certified Public Accountants 2100 Southbridge Parkway, Suite 530 Birmingham, AL 35209

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the method of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 12, 2025, on our consideration of the City of Clay, Alabama's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clay, Alabama's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Cork, Hill & Company, LLC. Birmingham, Alabama

May 12, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Clay, Alabama

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clay, Alabama, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related Notes to the Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City of Clay, Alabama's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 12, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Clay, Alabama's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clay, Alabama's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clay, Alabama's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Certified Public Accountants 2100 Southbridge Parkway, Suite 530 Birmingham, AL 35209

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Clay, Alabama's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cork, Hill & Company, LLC. Birmingham, Alabama

May 12, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Clay (the City)'s general purpose financial statements include Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), Basic Financial Statements and Required Supplemental Information (RSI). The MD&A, a component of RSI, introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's basic financial statements consist of the following elements:

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial condition. Changes in the City's financial position may be measured over time by increases and decreases in the Statement of Net Position. Information on how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year is presented in the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. The City has only governmental type funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Major Features of the Basic Financial Statements

		Fund Fina	ancial Statement	S
	Government-wide Financial Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire City government	Activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary	None	None
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position, Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus		
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included		
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year		
	para	Expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter		

Condensed Financial Information

Condensed Statement of Net Position

The City's total net position increased between the years ended September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2024 by \$2,360,917.

The City's net position is composed of three components. The City has investments of \$8,155,988 in capital assets (buildings, vehicles, etc.) net of the debt associated with it. Restricted net position of \$2,529,228 which consists principally of cash restricted for specific uses by law and unrestricted net position of \$7,228,965.

The following presents the City's condensed Statement of Net Position as of September 30, 2024 and 2023, derived from the government-wide Statement of Net Position shown on page 11 of this report.

Condensed Statement of Net Position (as adjusted)

				Primary	Total Change			
	Government	tal Activities	Gover	Government				
	2024	2023	2024	2023	Variance			
Current and other assets	\$10,926,776	\$ 8,960,723	\$10,926,776	\$ 8,960,723	\$1,966,053			
Capital assets	11,156,567	11,340,280	11,156,567	11,340,280	(183,713)			
Total assets	\$22,083,343	\$20,301,003	\$22,083,343	\$20,301,003	\$1,782,340			
Current liabilities	\$ 853,795	\$ 555,582	\$ 853,795	\$ 555,582	\$ 298,213			
Non-current liabilities	3,315,367	4,192,157	3,315,367	4,192,157	(876,790)			
Total liabilities	4,169,162	4,747,739	4,169,162	4,747,739	(578,577)			
Net Position								
Invested in capital assets, net	8,155,988	8,038,545	8,155,988	8,038,545	117,443			
Restricted	2,529,228	2,386,470	2,529,228	2,386,470	142,758			
Unrestricted	7,228,965	5,128,249	7,228,965	5,128,249	2,100,716			
Total fund balance (deficit)	17,914,181	15,553,264	17,914,181	15,553,264	2,360,917			
-	\$22,083,343	\$20,301,003	\$22,083,343	\$20,301,003	\$1,782,340			

Condensed Statement of Activities

The following presents the City's condensed Statement of Activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 and September 30, 2023, as derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities shown on page 12 of this report. The City's total revenues increased by \$360,862. Forty nine percent of the City's revenue is from sales tax. The remainder is from charges for licenses, other taxes, services and donations. The City's program expenses decreased \$42,470. Total revenues exceeded all City expenses by \$2,360,917.

Condensed Statement of Activities (as adjusted)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Total I Gover	Total Change		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	Variance	
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Fines and fees	\$ 3,153	\$ 3,661	\$ 3,153	\$ 3,661	\$ (508)	
Operating grants and contributions	702,313	695,159	702,313	695,159	7,154	
Charges for services	61,727	129,081	61,727	129,081	(67,354)	
Total program revenues	767,193	827,901	767,193	827,901	(60,708)	
General revenues and payments						
Sales and use tax	3,239,294	3,097,428	3,239,294	3,097,428	141,866	
Ad valorem	616,567	472,196	616,567	472,196	144,371	
Licenses and permits	1,078,315	1,046,427	1,078,315	1,046,427	31,888	
Intergovernmental	433,547	442,006	433,547	442,006	(8,459)	
Other taxes	293,736	287,212	293,736	287,212	6,524	
Interest	7,449	-	7,449	-	7,449	
Miscellaneous	134,733	36,802	134,733	36,802	97,931	
Total general revenues and payments	5,803,641	5,382,071	5,803,641	5,382,071	421,570	
Total revenues	6,570,834	6,209,972	6,570,834	6,209,972	360,862	
Program expenditures						
General government	2,127,324	1,817,951	2,127,324	1,817,951	309,373	
Public safety	376,988	682,282	376,988	682,282	(305,294)	
Parks and recreation	546,813	560,435	546,813	560,435	(13,622)	
Streets and public works	672,265	705,283	672,265	705,283	(33,018)	
Senior citizens	135,098	114,533	135,098	114,533	20,565	
Library	213,263	220,821	213,263	220,821	(7,558)	
Interest	138,166	151,082	138,166	151,082	(12,916)	
Total program expenditures	4,209,917	4,252,387	4,209,917	4,252,387	(42,470)	
Change in net assets from activities	2,360,917	1,957,585	2,360,917	1,957,585	403,332	
Beginning net position	15,553,264	13,595,679	15,553,264	13,595,679	1,957,585	
Ending net position	\$17,914,181	\$15,553,264	\$17,914,181	\$15,553,264	\$2,360,917	

Program Expenses and Revenues for Governmental Activities

The following presents the net costs of governmental activities. Overall, program revenues were not sufficient to cover program expenses for governmental activities. General revenues supported the net costs of governmental activities.

Net Costs of Governmental Activities for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024

			Program R	e ve nue s					
	1	Program Revenue, Grants					as a Perce	ntage of	
	Ex	penditures	and Donations		Net Progr	ram Costs	Program Expenditures		
City Program	2024			2024	2024	2023	2024	2023	
General government	\$	2,127,324	\$	702,313	\$1,425,011	\$1,122,792	33.0%	38.2%	
Public safety		376,988		3,153	373,835	678,621	0.8%	0.5%	
Public works		672,265		-	672,265	705,283	0.0%	0.0%	
Parks and recreation		546,813		50,754	496,059	443,228	9.3%	20.9%	
Library		213,263		10,973	202,290	208,947	5.1%	5.4%	
Senior citizens		135,098		-	135,098	114,533	0.0%	0.0%	
Interest		138,166	,	-	138,166	151,082	0.0%	0.0%	
	\$	4,209,917	\$	767,193	\$3,442,724	\$3,424,486	18.2%	19.5%	

OVERALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BASIS ANALYSIS

The City's assets exceed its liabilities by \$9,784,401. This represents assets accumulated over the years by having excess revenues.

FUND ANALYSIS

The general fund balance increased \$1,558,210 during the year due to increased revenues. The capital improvement fund balance increased \$514,385 due to increased grant revenues and transfers from the general fund and the gas tax funds increased \$170,240 due to a larger amount of road repairs during the previous year.

Governmental Funds

As of the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$9,784,401. Ending fund balance is \$2,242,835 more than the previous year balance.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

Capital Asset Activity

At September 30, 2024, the City reported \$11,156,567 in capital assets. Refer to Note 5 of the financial statements for additional information on capital assets.

Long-term Debt Activity

Long-term debt is made up of three general obligation warrants that were used to purchase the current City Hall and for Cosby Lake improvements. The total amount of long-term debt at year end was \$3,000,579. Refer to Note 8 of the financial statements for additional information on long-term debt.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The City of Clay considered many factors in preparing the budget and presenting it to the Mayor and City Council. Property tax and franchise fees increased approximately \$270,000 over the last 24 months; however, the City's expenses are also rising due to inflation. Additionally, 2024 sales tax has decreased approximately \$110,000 over the last 24 months in large part due to the two-year sales tax decrease on SNAP eligible items. This temporary tax decrease is in effect from November 1, 2022, until October 31, 2024. Projected employment additions would be in the Public Works Department as well as Parks and Recreation. The City continues to contract with the Jefferson County Sheriff's Office for three deputies. That number has proven sufficient for the protection of the Citizens as well as ordinance enforcement issues and traffic control. All invoiced expenses continue to be paid within 14 days of receipt. Employees contribute over \$31,000 to their retirement plan annually, which is matched by the City. Total employee contributions since implementation of this plan are greater than \$320,000.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact:

Charles Webster, Mayor 2441 Old Springville Road Clay, AL 35215 (205) 680-1223 Ronnie Dixon, City Manager 2441 Old Springville Road Clay, AL 35215 (205) 680-1223

CITY OF CLAY, ALABAMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Primary Government					
	Go	ve rnme ntal				
		Activities		Total		
ASSETS						
Current Assets - Unrestricted						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,973,040	\$	7,973,040		
Receivables		312,114		312,114		
Prepaids		112,394		112,394		
Total Current Assets - Unrestricted		8,397,548		8,397,548		
Current Assets - Restricted						
Restricted cash		2,529,228		2,529,228		
Total Current Assets - Restricted		2,529,228		2,529,228		
Total Current Assets		10,926,776		10,926,776		
Capital Assets:						
Non-depreciable		2,010,736		2,010,736		
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		9,145,831		9,145,831		
Total Capital Assets		11,156,567		11,156,567		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	22,083,343	\$	22,083,343		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	536,828	\$	536,828		
Current maturities of long-term debt		316,967		316,967		
Total Current Liabilities		853,795		853,795		
Non-Current Liabilities						
General obligation bonds		2,683,612		2,683,612		
Unearned revenues		631,755		631,755		
Total Non-Current Liabilities		3,315,367		3,315,367		
Total Liabilities		4,169,162		4,169,162		
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets		8,155,988		8,155,988		
Restricted net assets		2,529,228		2,529,228		
Unrestricted net assets		7,228,965		7,228,965		
		17,914,181		17,914,181		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	22,083,343	\$	22,083,343		

CITY OF CLAY, ALABAMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

			Program	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets				
							Primary G	overnment
	E	Expenses	Charges for ervices	Gr	perating rants and tributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Government Activities	Total
Function/Program Activities		-						
Primary Government:								
Government Activities:								
General government	\$	2,127,324	\$ -	\$	702,313	\$ -	\$ (1,425,011)	\$ (1,425,011)
Public safety		376,988	3,153		-	-	(373,835)	(373,835)
Public works		672,265	-		-	-	(672,265)	(672,265)
Parks and recreation		546,813	50,754		-	-	(496,059)	(496,059)
Library		213,263	10,973		-	-	(202,290)	(202,290)
Senior citizens		135,098	-		-	-	(135,098)	(135,098)
Interest		138,166	-				(138,166)	(138,166)
Total governmental activities	\$	4,209,917	\$ 64,880	\$	702,313	\$ -	(3,442,724)	(3,442,724)
General Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Sales tax							3,239,294	3,239,294
Ad valorem taxes							616,567	616,567
Other taxes							293,736	293,736
License and permits							1,078,315	1,078,315
Intergovernmental							433,547	433,547
Interest							7,449	7,449
Miscellaneous							134,733	134,733
Total general revenues							5,803,641	5,803,641
Change in net position for current year	ear						2,360,917	2,360,917
Net position, beginning of year							15,553,264	15,553,264
Net position, end of year							\$ 17,914,181	\$ 17,914,181

CITY OF CLAY, ALABAMA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	General		Capital Improvement Fund		Non Major Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,973,040	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,973,040
Restricted cash		23,127		1,719,033	787,068		2,529,228
Receivables							
Taxes		263,190		-	26,815		290,005
Other		22,109		-	-		22,109
Prepaid expenses		112,394		-	 -		112,394
Total assets	\$	8,393,860	\$	1,719,033	\$ 813,883	\$	10,926,776
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	510,620	\$	-	\$ -	\$	510,620
Unearned revenues				631,755	 		631,755
Total liabilities Fund balance:		510,620		631,755	-		1,142,375
		112,394					112,394
Non-spendable Restricted		23,127		1 710 022	813,883		2,556,043
Committed		23,127		1,719,033	013,003		2,330,043
Unassigned		7,747,719		(631,755)	_		7,115,964
Total fund balance		7,883,240		1,087,278	 813,883		9,784,401
1 our fund damine		1,005,240		1,007,270	 015,005		2,707,701
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,393,860	\$	1,719,033	\$ 813,883	\$	10,926,776

CITY OF CLAY, ALABAMA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 9,784,401
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	11,156,567
Long-Term Liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	(3,000,579)
Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	(12,699)
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
	(13,509)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 17,914,181

CITY OF CLAY, ALABAMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	General	Im	Capital provement		Non Major	Total Governmental		
	Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds	
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ 3,247,024	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,247,024	
Licenses and permits	1,078,315		-		-		1,078,315	
Intergovernmental	950,895		99,219		286,006		1,336,120	
Parks and recreation	48,354		-		-		48,354	
Library	10,873		-		-		10,873	
Senior citizens	11,090		-		-		11,090	
Interest	7,449		-		-		7,449	
Other	 593,534		238,076		-		831,610	
	 5,947,534		337,295		286,006		6,570,835	
Expenditures								
Current operations:								
General government	2,021,193		-		-		2,021,193	
Public safety	353,475		-		-		353,475	
Streets and sanitation	495,094		-		115,766		610,860	
Parks and recreation	209,745		-		-		209,745	
Library	176,961		-		-		176,961	
Senior citizens	119,611		-		-		119,611	
Total current operations	3,376,079		-		115,766		3,491,845	
Capital outlays	157,377		238,075		-		395,452	
Debt service:								
Principal	301,157		-		-		301,157	
Interest and fiscal charges	139,546		_		_		139,546	
Total expenditures	3,974,159		238,075		115,766		4,328,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	1,973,375		99,220		170,240		2,242,835	
Other financial sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in	-		415,165		-		415,165	
Operating transfers out	 (415,165)				-		(415,165)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (415,165)		415,165		-			
Excess / (deficiency) of revenues and other								
financing sources over / (under)								
expenditures and other financing uses	1,558,210		514,385		170,240		2,242,835	
Fund balance, beginning	 6,325,030		572,893		643,643		7,541,566	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 7,883,240	\$	1,087,278	\$	813,883	\$	9,784,401	

CITY OF CLAY, ALABAMA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,242,835
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, the cost of theses assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	395,452
The issuance of debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of debt principal consumes the governmental funds current financial resources. Neither of these transactions has any effect on the net assets in the statement of net position. These transactions are as	
follows: Repayment of notes and bond	301,157
Depreciation expense on capital assets is recorded in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but it does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not recorded as an expenditure in governmental funds.	(579,165)
Accrued compensated absences are recorded in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position but do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the change in this liability is not reflected as an expenditure in the governmental funds financial statements.	(742)
Accrued interest expense is recorded in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position but do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the change in this liability is not reflected as	

1,380

\$ 2,360,917

any expenditure in the governmental funds financial statements.

Change in net position of governmental activities

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Introduction

The financial statements of the City of Clay, Alabama (the City) are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected Mayor and City Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is based primarily upon operational and financial relationships with the City. There are no component units for the 2024 year.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The City's governmental funds are classified into three generic fund types for financial statement presentation purposes. The City's governmental funds include the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds.

Basis of Accounting - Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City, the primary government, as a whole.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other purposes results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted assets first then unrestricted assets as needed.

Fund Financial Statements

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenue Recognition

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, taxes and investment earnings are deemed both measurable and available if collected within the current year or within 60 days of year-end.

Other revenues, including licenses and permits, certain charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues, are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until received.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt which has not matured are recognized when paid. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Fund accounting reports capital outlays as expenditures and does not recognize capital assets and depreciation. Under the government-wide accrual basis of reporting, general capital assets are long-lived assets of the City as a whole. When purchased, assets are capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost.

Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings - 40 to 60 years; improvements/infrastructure - 5 to 40 years; equipment - 5 to 20 years.

Long-term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported in the governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Net Position and Fund Balance

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt associated with the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduces this category.

Restricted Net Position - This category presents the net position restricted by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations).

Unrestricted - This represents the net position of the City that is not restricted for any project or other purpose by third parties.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. These categories are as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance - includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The not in spendable form criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories and prepaid amounts.

Restricted Fund Balance - includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed Fund Balance - includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council of the City of Clay. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution and ordinance).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Assigned Fund Balance - includes amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council and Mayor have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned amounts also include all remaining amounts (except negative amounts) in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, which are not classified as non-spendable, restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance - the residual classification for the General Fund and to report negative fund balances in the other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources - committed, assigned, and unassigned - in order as needed.

Budget Requirements, Accounting, and Reporting Requirements for all funds

Annual budgets are adopted for the City's general fund. The budget is based on expected expenditures by line item in total and not by department and by estimated resources by source.

Appropriation control (City Council appropriated budget) is by line item within the general fund. The budget may be amended to transfer amounts among line items. The budget was not amended during the year.

Accumulated Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide financial statements consists of accumulated personal leave balances. The liability is based on personal leave accumulated at year-end by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible to receive such payments. Any personal leave not used by calendar year end is forfeited by the employee.

Use of Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State of Alabama law requires all financial institutions accepting deposits of public funds to be a member of the state SAFE program. The Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement (SAFE) program is a state-wide collateral pool for all public funds administered through the Alabama Treasurers Office. All of the City's funds are collateralized by FDIC insurance and this collateral pool, therefore the City's deposits are not subject to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

	Capital							Total	
	(Ge ne ral	Improvement Gas Ta			Gas Tax	Gov	ve rnme ntal	Entity
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds		Wide
Taxes:									
Sales and use tax	\$	240,582	\$	-	\$	-	\$	240,582	\$240,582
Intergovernmental									
Property tax		8,911		-				8,911	8,911
Gasoline taxes		3,469		-		26,815		30,284	30,284
Other taxes		10,228		-				10,228	10,228
Franchise fees		22,109						22,109	22,109
Total receivables	\$	285,299	\$	_	\$	26,815	\$	312,114	\$312,114

The gas tax fund receivables are restricted for road construction and repair. These receivables are included in the entity-wide receivables.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

There were no interfund receivables or payables at September 30, 2024.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

ı y	Balance			Balance			
	Se	pt. 30, 2023	Additions	Ret	ire me nts	Sej	ot. 30, 2024
Governmental Activities							
Assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	1,978,236	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,978,236
Construction in process		-	32,500				32,500
		1,978,236	32,500		-		2,010,736
Other capital assets:							
Buildings and land improvements		3,899,354	106,337		412		4,005,279
Equipment		1,103,247	2,616		9,933		1,095,930
Vehicles		366,223	129,460		-		495,683
Infrastructure		12,419,085	124,539		_		12,543,624
		17,787,909	362,952		10,345		18,140,516
Accumulated depreciation		8,425,865	579,165		10,345		8,994,685
		9,362,044	(216,213)		_		9,145,831
Net capital assets	\$	11,340,280	\$ (183,713)	\$		\$	11,156,567
Depreciation was charged to functions as Governmental activities	follov	vs:					
Parks						\$	335,050
General						Ψ	108,243
Streets and public works							58,916
Public safety							37,661
Seniors							23,513
Library							15,782
Total						\$	579,165

NOTE 6 - ACCUMULATED COMPENSATED LEAVE

Employees accrue personal leave time in accordance with the City personnel policy. Such leave is considered fully vested rights of the employees and is recorded as an obligation of the City at year end. The cost of accumulated leave at September 30, 2024 was \$12,699.

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN

On May 1, 2015, the City established the City of Clay 457(B) Retirement Plan and the City of Clay 401(a) Retirement Plan. These plans are defined contribution retirement plans, the 457(B) plan was set up to accept employee contributions and the 401(a) plan accepts contributions from the City. The plans are administered by PlanTech, LLP and funded through John Hancock. The plans cover all full-time employees. Employees may make contributions to the 457(B) plan which are tax deferred or at their option, ROTH contributions which are not tax deferred. All contributions into the 457(B) go into an account established for the benefit of the person making the contribution. For the year 2023, contributions of each employee are limited to the lesser of \$22,500 or 100% of the participants compensation. Plan distributions are made at the employee's termination or at age 70-1/2, whichever is later. Employee accounts are adjusted daily for plan earnings and are 100% vested when the contribution is made. The City makes matching monthly contributions equal to 7% of the employees' compensation into the 401(a) plan. These contributions vest over a five-year period in equal increments and are available for distribution in the same manner as the 457(B) plan. Contribution rates for both plans are established and may be amended only by the City Council of the City of Clay. Employee contributions for the current year were \$36,651 and employer matching contributions were \$32,844. Any forfeitures under 401(a) plan revert back to the City of Clay general fund.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance]	Balance	
	Sept. 30, 2023		Increas	es	Repayments		Sept. 30, 2024	
General Obligation Warrant Series 2006A. Interest rate is 3.67%, matures November 20, 2032	\$	2,745,000	\$	_	\$	248,333	\$	2,496,667
General Obligation Warrant Series 2012A Interest rate is 3.90%, matures March 1, 2029.		556,735		_		52,823		503,912
Total Long-Term Debt		3,301,735	\$	-	\$	301,156		3,000,579
Amounts due within one year		301,156						316,967
Long-term maturities	\$	3,000,579					\$	2,683,612

All the above debt is direct placement in nature and contains provisions for immediate payment in the event of default.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Annual requirements to retire general long-term debt as of September 30, 2024, for the next five years and in five-year increments thereafter are shown below.

Years Ended					
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2025	\$ 316,967	\$ 108,883	\$ 425,850		
2026	330,357	97,029	427,386		
2027	343,206	84,682	427,888		
2028	358,850	86,801	445,651		
2029	372,293	63,378	435,671		
2030-2033	1,278,906	91,208	1,370,114		
	\$3,000,579	\$ 531,981	\$ 3,532,560		

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City maintains commercial insurance policies to mitigate the risk of significant losses. Management believes the amount of insurance maintained to be adequate.

NOTE 10 - CONTRACT FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT

The City is under contract with the Jefferson County, Alabama Sheriff's Department to provide police services. During the current year the City accrued \$321,750 for these services.

NOTE 11 - UNEARNED REVENUE

As of September 30, 2024, the City has received federal funds from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) in the amount of \$2,358,974. These funds are to be used by the City to cover allowable costs under the Act through December 31, 2024. \$559,824 was expended in the year ended September 30, 2024, to cover the costs of the law enforcement contract in place with Jefferson County and various capital improvements and purchases for the City. The amount of unearned revenue at year end is \$631,755.

NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has performed a review of subsequent events through May 12, 2025, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



CITY OF CLAY, ALABAMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

				Variance	
	Original			Favorable	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 3,100,000	\$3,247,024	\$ 147,024	
Licenses and permits	1,035,000	1,035,000	1,078,315	43,315	
Intergovernmental	750,000	750,000	950,895	200,895	
Parks and recreation	100,000	100,000	48,354	(51,646)	
Charges for services					
Library	20,000	20,000	10,873	(9,127)	
Senior citizens	12,500	12,500	11,090	(1,410)	
Interest	-	-	7,449	7,449	
Other	165,000	165,000	593,534	428,534	
Total revenues	5,182,500	5,182,500	5,947,534	765,034	
Expenditures					
Current operations:					
Government administration	2,731,482	2,731,482	2,021,193	710,289	
Public safety	593,075	593,075	353,475	239,600	
Streets and sanitation	640,957	640,957	495,094	145,863	
Parks and recreation	239,785	239,785	209,745	30,040	
Library	214,936	214,936	176,961	37,975	
Senior citizens	118,715	118,715	119,611	(896)	
	4,538,950	4,538,950	3,376,079	1,162,871	
Capital outlays	350,000	350,000	157,377	192,623	
Debt service	450,000	450,000	440,703	9,297	
Total expenditures	5,338,950	5,338,950	3,974,159	1,364,791	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(156,450)	(156,450)	1,973,375	2,129,825	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers out			(415,165)	(415,165)	
			(415,165)	(415,165)	
Excess / (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over / (under) expenditures					
and other financing uses	\$ (156,450)	\$ (156,450)	1,558,210	\$ 1,714,660	
Fund balance, beginning			6,325,030		
Fund balance, ending			\$7,883,240	- =	